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LOGINID: SSSPTA1649JXM

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

```
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     1 Feb 2
                Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS 2
        Dec 17
                Expanded CAplus Coverage of US, Japanese, WIPO,
                EPO, and German patents
NEWS 3
        Feb 1
                Addition of Machine-Translated Abstracts to CAplus
NEWS 4 Feb 28
                Patent Information Now Searchable in CAOLD
NEWS 5 Mar 20
                INPADOC: PRODUCER WARNING ABOUT DATA DELAYS
        Mar 22
NEWS 6
                NEW FEATURES IN INPADOC - RANGE SEARCHING AND NEW
                SDI/UPDATE SEARCH FIELD
NEWS 7
        May 1
                Beilstein Abstracts on STN - FILE BABS
        May 1
NEWS 8
                RN CROSSOVER AND ANSWER SIZE LIMITS INCREASED
NEWS 9
        May 1
                AIDSLINE has been reloaded
NEWS 10
        May 1
                Searching Y2-K compliant Patent Numbers
        May 9
NEWS 11
                Sequence Similarity Batch Search in DGENE
NEWS 12
        May 19
                Weekly Statistics for New Entries now available
                 in INPADOC
        May 22
                CITED REFERENCES NOW AVAILABLE IN CAPLUS AND CA FILE
NEWS 13
                POSTPROCESSING OF SEARCH RESULTS MAY BE AFFECTED
NEWS 14
        May 22
                BY ADDITION OF CITED REFERENCES TO CAPLUS, CA,
                REGISTRY, CASREACT, MARPAT, and MARPATPREV
                KOREAN PATENTS NOW IN CAS DATABASES
NEWS 15
        Jun 2
        Jun 20 WIPO/PCT Patents Fulltext Database now on STN
NEWS 16
NEWS EXPRESS FREE UPGRADE 5.0C NOW AVAILABLE
NEWS HOURS
             STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER
             General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN
             Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE
             Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW
             CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
```

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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=> file medline biosis embase caplus

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0.42 0.42 FULL ESTIMATED COST

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=> s trre (s) polypeptide

L1 O TRRE (S) POLYPEPTIDE

=> s trre (s) protein

0 TRRE (S) PROTEIN L2

=> s trre

9 TRRE L3

=> dup rem 13

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3

6 DUP REM L3 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l4 ibib kwic

ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:736749 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:2794

TITLE:

Modulators affecting tumor necrosis factor

receptor-releasing enzyme activity

INVENTOR(S):

Gatanaga, Tetsuya; Granger, Gale A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

The Regents of the University of California, USA

PCT Int. Appl., 106 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	AI AI	PPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9958559	A2 1999	1118 WO	1999-US10793	19990514
WO 9958559	A3 2000	0120		
W: AE, AL,	AM, AT, AU,	AZ, BA, BB,	BG, BR, BY, CA	, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
DE, DK,	EE, ES, FI,	GB, GE, GH,	GM, HR, HU, ID	, IL, IN, IS, JP,
KE, KG,	KP, KR, KZ,	LC, LK, LR,	LS, LT, LU, LV	, MD, MG, MK, MN,
MW, MX,	NO, NZ, PL,	PT, RO, RU,	SD, SE, SG, SI	, SK, SL, TJ, TM,
TR, TT,	UA, UG, US,	UZ, VN, YU,	ZA, ZW, AM, AZ	, BY, KG, KZ, MD,
RU, TJ,	TM			
RW: GH, GM,	KE, LS, MW,	SD, SL, SZ,	UG, ZW, AT, BE	, CH, CY, DE, DK,
ES, FI,	FR, GB, GR,	IE, IT, LU,	MC, NL, PT, SE	, BF, BJ, CF, CG,

CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-81385 19980514

AB The biol. effects of the cytokine tumor necrosis factor (TNF) are mediated

by binding to receptors on the surface of cells. Nine new proteins and polynucleotides are provided that promote enzymic cleavage and release of TNF receptors. The isolated polynucleotides have the following properties: (a) the sequence is expressed at the mRNA level in Jurkat T cells; (b) when COS-1 cells expressing TNF-receptor are genetically transformed to express the sequence, the cells have increased enzymic activity for cleaving and releasing the receptor. Also provided are screening methods for identifying addnl. compds. that influence TNF receptor shedding. TRRE activity alleviates septic shock and decreases tumor necrotizing activity, and the modulator expression products are effective in treating septic shock. As the active ingredient

in a pharmaceutical compn., the products of this invention increase or decrease TNF signal transduction, thereby alleviating the pathol. of disease.

=> file medline biosis embase caplus uspatfull

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 11.87 12.29 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -0.56 -0.56

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:32:44 ON 22 JUN 2000

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 15:32:44 ON 22 JUN 2000 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2000 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s trre

L5 11 TRRE

=> dup rem 15

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5
L6 8 DUP REM L5 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l6 ibib kwic total

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:736749 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:2794

TITLE:

Modulators affecting tumor necrosis factor

receptor-releasing enzyme activity

INVENTOR (S):

Gatanaga, Tetsuya; Granger, Gale A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

The Regents of the University of California, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 106 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	CENT	NO.		KI:	ND I	DATE			A)	PPLI	CATI	ои ис	o. :	DATE	
					- -				-						
WO	9958	559		A	2	1999:	1118		W	0 19	99-U	S107	93	19990	0514
WO	9958	559		Α	3	2000	0120								
	W:	AE,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,

DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1998-81385 19980514

The biol. effects of the cytokine tumor necrosis factor (TNF) are mediated

by binding to receptors on the surface of cells. Nine new proteins and polynucleotides are provided that promote enzymic cleavage and release of TNF receptors. The isolated polynucleotides have the following properties: (a) the sequence is expressed at the mRNA level in Jurkat T cells; (b) when COS-1 cells expressing TNF-receptor are genetically transformed to express the sequence, the cells have increased enzymic activity for cleaving and releasing the receptor. Also provided are screening methods for identifying addnl. compds. that influence TNF receptor shedding. TRRE activity alleviates septic shock and decreases tumor necrotizing activity, and the modulator expression products are effective in treating septic shock. As the active ingredient

in a pharmaceutical compn., the products of this invention increase or decrease TNF signal transduction, thereby alleviating the pathol. of disease.

ANSWER 2 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:324897 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:13976

TITLE:

Isolated tumor necrosis factor receptor releasing enzyme and pharmaceutical compositions comprising the

enzyme

INVENTOR (S):

Granger, Gale A.; Gatanaga, Tetsuya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Regents of the University of California, USA;

Granger,

SOURCE:

Gale A.; Gatanaga, Tetsuya PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                         -----
                    ____
                     A1 19980514 WO 1997-US19930 19971105
     WO 9820140
         W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
            LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
             RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,
             GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
             GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9851621
                     A1 19980529
                                          AU 1998-51621
                                                           19971105
                                         EP 1997-946457
     EP 938548
                     A1
                          19990901
                                                           19971105
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
     NO 9902187
                           19990701
                                          NO 1999-2187
                                                           19990505
                      Α
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                           19961106
                                          US 1996-30761
                                          WO 1997-US19930 19971105
     A human tumor necrosis factor receptor releasing enzyme (TRRE)
     is prepd. from a cultured human cell line THP-1 (human monocytic
leukemia)
     stimulated with PMA and characterized. The native form of TRRE
     exhibits a mol. wt. of 120 kDa on SDS-PAGE. Its enzyme activity is
     sensitive to metalloprotease inhibitor, but not to serine or cysteine
     protease inhibitor. A compn. contg. TRRE for treating a disease
     assocd. with altered levels of tumor necrosis factor is also described.
     Also claimed are methods of (1) diagnosing and treating cancer or
     inflammation assocd. with TREE and (2) administration of pharmaceutical
     compns. contg. TREE. Preferably, the TRRE activity is regulated
     local to the site of the condition to be treated. In the case of
diseases
     assocd. with elevated levels of TNF, such as rheumatoid arthritis,
     TRRE is administered to the site of inflammation in an amt.
     sufficient to decrease the local levels of TNF. In the case of diseases,
     such as cancer, that benefit from increased levels of TNF, the level of
     TRRE is decreased at the disease site.
    ANSWER 3 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2000 BIOSIS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                   1996:257458 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                   PREV199698813587
TITLE:
                   Identification and characterization of soluble TNF
receptor
                   releasing enzyme (TRRE) from PMA-stimulated human
                   monocytic THP-1 cells.
AUTHOR (S):
                   Katsura, K. (1); Park, M. (1); Gatanaga, M. (1);
Takishima,
                   K.; Granger, G. A. (1); Gatanaga, T. (1)
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                   (1) Univ. Calif., Irvine, CA USA
SOURCE:
                   Proceedings of the American Association for Cancer
Research
                   Annual Meeting, (1996) Vol. 37, No. 0, pp. 492.
                   Meeting Info.: 87th Annual Meeting of the American
                   Association for Cancer Research Washington, D.C., USA
April
                   20-24, 1996
                   ISSN: 0197-016X.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                   Conference
```

TI Identification and characterization of soluble TNF receptor releasing enzyme (TRRE) from PMA-stimulated human monocytic THP-1 cells.

English

LANGUAGE:

ANSWER 4 OF 8 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96222497 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96222497

Identification of the proteolytic enzyme which cleaves TITLE:

human p75 TNF receptor in vitro.

Katsura K; Park M; Gatanaga M; Yu E C; Takishima K; AUTHOR:

Granger

G A: Gatanaga T

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Molecular Biology and Biochemistry,

University of California, Irvine 92717-3900, USA.

BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS, (1996 SOURCE:

May 15) 222 (2) 298-302.

Journal code: 9Y8. ISSN: 0006-291X.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals; Cancer Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199610

fragments, respectively. In this study, the enzymatic activity involved in the cleavage of human p75 TNF-R, named TNF-R releasing enzyme

(TRRE), was identified in the culture supernatant of

PMA-stimulated THP-1 cells using an activity assay system established by our group. When THP-1 cells were stimulated with PMA, TRRE was

released rapidly into the supernatant, reaching maximal activity within 3 hours. The release of TRRE into the culture supernatant depended

on the concentration of PMA and FCS. TRRE activity was partially inhibited by chelating agents, suggesting that TRRE may be a

metallo-protease-like enzyme. This is the first successful attempt to establish a stable TRRE source with a reliable assay system.

ANSWER 5 OF 8 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 93:83356 USPATFULL

TITLE: Facsimile apparatus comprising means for continuously

transmitting plural groups of image data to the same

receiver party

INVENTOR (S): Hamano, Hiroaki, Osaka, Japan

Nakajima, Akio, Toyokawa, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Minolta Camera Kabushiki Kaisha, Osaka, Japan

(non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER DATE -----US 5251043 19931005 PATENT INFORMATION:

US 1991-776636 19911015 (7) APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1990-277402 19901015

> JP 1990-277403 19901015 JP 1990-277404 19901015

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Coles, Sr., Edward L. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Rogers, Scott A.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Willian Brinks Olds Hofer Gilson & Lione

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 13 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Figure(s); 31 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1632

. . . key 52 is referred to as a TR key, and the transmission reservation key 57 is referred to as a TRRE key.

ANSWER 6 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2000 BIOSIS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:227104 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199395118279

Do birch trees (Betula pendula) grow better if foraged by TITLE:

wood ants.

AUTHOR (S): Mahdi, T.; Whittaker, J. B.

Biological Sci. Div., Inst. Environmental and Biological CORPORATE SOURCE:

Sci., Univ. Lancaster, Lancaster LA1 4YQ UK

SOURCE: Journal of Animal Ecology, (1993) Vol. 62, No. 1, pp.

101-116.

ISSN: 0021-8790.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

. . of the insect herbivore community on Betula pendula is markedly

changed by F. rufa predation, the effect of this on trre growth

is slight.

ANSWER 7 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:1908 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:1908

TITLE: The tolerance of tree lucerne to some soil-applied

herbicide

AUTHOR(S): Hurrell, G. A.; Bourdot, G. W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Agric. Res. Div., MAF, Lincoln, N. Z.

Proc. N. Z. Weed Pest Control Conf. (1984), 37th, SOURCE:

CODEN: PZWPAL; ISSN: 0370-2804

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English Plant growth and development

(by trre lucerne, soil-applied herbicides effect on)

ANSWER 8 OF 8 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 78:39684 USPATFULL

TITLE: Method for data transmission and a system for carrying

out the method

INVENTOR(S): Westman, Kjell Harry, Vallingby, Sweden

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): U.S. Philips Corporation, New York, NY, United States

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER DATE ------US 4103288 19780725 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: US 1976-723155 19760914

NUMBER DATE -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: SE 1975-10432 19750918

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Pitts, Harold I.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Trifari, Frank R.; Biren, Steven R.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 16 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 7 Drawing Figure(s); 5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1087

DETD and input of which are connected to a central station 1 via a

belonging modem M1 and a transmission/reception circuit TRRE,

respectively. To the loop are connected four terminal stations 2, 3, 4,

5 via the belonging modems M2, M3, M4.

DETD In FIG. 5 is disclosed an embodiment of the transmission/reception circuit TRRE, through which the central station 1 (TC) (FIG. 1) is connected to the series transmission loop. The horizontal line at.

. . figure represents the border line with respect to the central station 1 with the signals shown which are interchanged between TRRE and TC. The horizontal line at the bottom of the figure

represents the border line with respect to the transmission.

DETD TRRE is composed of a central control unit CO, in which is

comprised control circuits of a type well known by. . . DETD On the input side TRRE comprises a central control unit CO to

be described in more detail with reference to FIG. 7 and is furthermore.

DETD . . . diagram of the DT, DTI respectively, circuit comprised in the connection circuit (FIG. 4) of each terminal and in the TRRE circuit of the central station (FIG. 5).

DETD The central control unit CO (FIG. 5) of TRRE is disclosed in FIG. 7. CO is composed of a 4 bit counter COUNT4 which may be controlled

so as.

 ${\tt DETD}$. . and ${\tt DT}$ in all terminal stations, which are thereby brought into

synchronism. The SYN characters are received in IDBR of TRRE after having circulated the loop and are decoded in DTI, which will then

activate its SYN output, which will in. . .

=> log y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	14.99	27.28
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-1.11	-1.67

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 15:33:26 ON 22 JUN 2000

09700354 Results

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SEQ ID NO: 9
RESULT 10
G22793/c
LOCUS
            G22793
                           405 bp
                                     DNA
                                                      STS
                                                                31-MAY-1996
DEFINITION human STS WI-11758, sequence tagged site.
ACCESSION
            G22793
VERSION
            G22793.1 GI:1343119
            STS; STS sequence; primer; sequence tagged site.
KEYWORDS
            human STSs derived from sequences in dbEST and the Unigene
SOURCE
            collection.
  ORGANISM Homo sapiens
            Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
            Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 1 to 405)
  AUTHORS
            Hudson, T.
            Whitehead Institute/MIT Center for Genome Research; Physically
  TITLE
            Mapped STSs
  JOURNAL
            Unpublished (1995)
COMMENT
            Contact: Thomas Hudson
            Whitehead Institute/MIT Center for Genome Research
            Whitehead Institute for Biomedical Research
            9 Cambridge Center, Cambridge MA 02142 USA
            Tel: 617 252 1900
            Fax: 617 252 1902
            Email: thudson@genome.wi.mit.edu
            Primer A: TTTTTCCTCTTTTATTAAGTCCGC
            Primer B: TGATGGTGATCTTGGCACTC
            STS size: 127
            PCR Profile:
                  Presoak:
                  Denaturation:
                  Annealing: 56 degrees C
                  Polymerization:
                  PCR Cycles: 35
                  Thermal Cycler:
            Protocol:
                Template: 10 ng
                Primer: each 5 pM
                dNTPs: each 4 nM
                Taq Polymerase: 0.025 units/ul
                Total Vol: 20 ul
            Buffer:
                MgCl2: 1.5 mM
                KC1: 50 mM
                Tris-HCL: 10 mM
                pH: 9.3
            Derived from dbEST (genbank accession R12670).
FEATURES
                     Location/Qualifiers
     source
                     1. .405
                     /organism="Homo sapiens"
                     /db_xref="taxon:9606"
                     /map="355.3 cR from top of Chr17 linkage group"
     STS
                     14. .140
     primer_bind
                     14. .37
     primer bind
                     complement (121. .140)
BASE COUNT
                 92 a
                                  100 g
                         107 c
                                            100 t
                                                       6 others
ORIGIN
                          27.9%; Score 330.6; DB 54; Length 405; 96.7%; Pred. No. 1.8e-69;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
 Matches 356; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    9:
                                                        Indels
                                                                  3; Gaps
                                                                               2:
```

```
756 CTGGAGCCTAAGCTGGACC--TGCTACTGGAGAAGACCAAGGAGCTGCAGAAGCTGATTG 813
Qу
        400 CTGGAGCCTAAGCTGGACCCTGCCTACTGGANAAGCCCAAGGAGCTGCAGAAGCTGANTG 341
Db
     814 AAGCTGA-CATCTCCAAGAGGTACAGCGGGCGCCCTGTGAACCTGATGGGAACCTCTCTG 872
Qу
        340 AAGCTGACCATCTCCAANAGGTACAGCGGGCGCCCTGTGAACCTGATGGGAACCTCTCTG 281
Db
     873 TGACACCCTCCGTGTTCTTGCCTGCCCATCTTCTCCGCTTTTTGGGATGAAGATGATAGCC 932
Qy
        933 AGGGCTGTTGTTTTGGGGCCCTTCAAGGCAAAAGACCAGGCTGACTGGAAGATGGAAAGC 992
Qу
        Db
     220 AGGGCTGTTGTTTTGGGGCCCTTCAAGGCAAAAGACCAGGCTGACTGGAAGATGGAAAGC 161
Ov
     993 CACAGGAAGGAAGCGGCACCTGATGGTGATCTTGGCACTCTCCATGTTCTCTACAAGAAG 1052
        Db
    160 CACAGGAAGGAAGCGCACCTGATGGTGATCTTGGCACTCTCCATGTTCTCTACAAGAAG 101
    Qy
        Db
    1113 ATAGCGCA 1120
Qу
        Db
     40 ATAGCGGA 33
RESULT
AAZ38861
   AAZ38861 standard; DNA; 1187 BP.
XX
AC
   AAZ38861;
XX
   17-FEB-2000 (first entry)
DT
XX
DE
   Human Jurkat cell clone P2-14 AIM9 which affects TRRE activity.
XX
KW
   Human; Jurkat cell; tumour necrosis factor receptor releasing enzyme;
KW
   TRRE; cytokine; TNF; identification; cytostatic; anti-inflammatory;
KW
    cardiant; immunomodulator; antiarthritic; antibacterial; cancer;
KW
   heart failure; cachexia; inflammation; endotoxic shock; arthritis;
KW
   multiple sclerosis; sepsis; ds.
XX
os
   Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
   WO9958559-A2.
XX
PD
   18-NOV-1999.
XX
PF
   14-MAY-1999;
               99WO-US10793.
XX
               98US-0081385.
PR
   14-MAY-1998:
XX
PA
    (REGC ) UNIV CALIFORNIA.
XX
ΡI
   Gatanaga T, Granger GA;
XX
DR
   WPI; 2000-039067/03.
XX
PT
   Tumor necrosis factor receptor releasing enzyme modulators and
PT
   polynucleotides -
XX
P$
   Claim 2; Page 68; 106pp; English.
XX
CC
   The present invention describes isolated polynucleotides (A) comprising a
CC
   sequence expressed at the mRNA level in Jurkat T cells and showing
CC
   increased enzymatic activity for cleaving and releasing the tumour
   necrosis factor (TNF) receptor in genetically modified COS-1 cells
```

claimed clone which affects tumour necrosis factor receptor releasing CC enzyme (TRRE) activity. Methods from the present invention can be used to CC CC assess a disease condition associated with altered TRRE activity. The polypeptides, polynucleotides and antibodies can be used to decrease or CC increase signal transduction from a cytokine in a cell. The polypeptides, CC polynucleotides and antibodies may be used to treat heart failure, CC CC cachexia, inflammation, endotoxic shock, arthritis, multiple sclerosis CC and sepsis, and cancer. XX Sequence 1187 BP; 278 A; 288 C; 369 G; 252 T; 0 other; Ouerv Match 100.0%; Score 1187; DB 21; Length 1187; Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.4e-281; 0; Mismatches Matches 1187; Conservative 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0: 1 GAGCTCGCGCGCCTGCAGGTCGACACTAGTGGATCCAAAGAATTCGGCACGAGGGAAACT 60 Qy 1 gagctcgcgcctgcaggtcgacactagtggatccaaagaattcggcacgagggaaact 60 Db Qу 61 CAACGGTGTACGAGTGGAGGACAGGGACAGAGCCCTCTGTGGTGGAACGACCCCACCTCG 120 Db 61 caacggtgtacgagtggaggacagggacagagccctctgtggtggaacgaccccacctcg 120 121 AGGAGCTTCCTGAGCAGGTGGCAGAAGATGCGATTGACTGGGGCGACTTTGGGGTAGAGG 180 Qу Db 121 aggagetteetgageaggtggeagaagatgegattgaetggggegaetttggggtagagg 180 181 CAGTGTCTGAGGGGACTGACTCTGGCATCTCTGCCGAGGCTGCTGGAATCGACTGGGGCA 240 Qу 181 cagtgtctgaggggactgactctggcatctctgccgaggctgctgggaatcgactggggca 240 Db Oν 241 TCTTCCCGGAATCAGATTCAAAGGATCCTGGAGGTGATGGGATAGACTGGGGAGACGATG 300 Db 241 tetteeeggaateagatteaaaggateetggaggtgatgggatagaetggggagaegatg 300 301 CTGTTGCTTTGCAGATCACAGTGCTGGAAGCAGGAACCCAGGCTCCAGAAGGTGTTGCCA 360 Qу Db 301 ctgttgctttgcagatcacagtgctggaagcaggaacccaggctccagaaggtgttgcca 360 Qу 361 GGGGCCCAGATGCCCTGACACTGCTTGAATACACTGAGACCCGGAATCAGTTCCTTGATG 420 Db 361 ggggcccagatgccctgacactgcttgaatacactgagacccggaatcagttccttgatg 420 Qу Db 481 ATGTCCTGTCTGTGAGCCAGTTCCAGCTGGCTCCAGCCATCCTGCAGGGCCAGACCAAAG 540 Qу Db 481 atgtcctgtctgtgagccagttccagctggctccagccatcctgcagggccagaccaaag 540 541 AGAAGATGGTTACCATGGTGTCAGTGCTGGAGGATCTGATTGGCAAGCTTACCAGTCTTC 600 Qy Db 541 agaagatggttaccatggtgtcagtgctggaggatctgattggcaagcttaccagtcttc 600 601 AGCTGCAACACCTGTTTATGATCCTGGCCTCACCAAGGTATGTGGACCGAGTGACTGAAT 660 Qу Db 601 agctgcaacacctgtttatgatcctggcctcaccaaggtatgtggaccgagtgactgaat 660 Qу Db 721 AGAAGCAGCAGGAGCACTTGAGGAGCAGGCGGCTCTGGAGCCTAAGCTGGACCTGCTAC 780 Ον Db 721 agaagcagcaggaggcacttgaggagcaggcggctctggagcctaagctggacctgctac 780 781 TGGAGAAGACCAAGGAGCTGCAGAAGCTGATTGAAGCTGACATCTCCAAGAGGTACAGCG 840 Qy

expressing the receptor. The present sequence represents a specifically

CC

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Db
     781 tggagaagaccaaggagctgcagaagctgattgaagctgacatctccaagaggtacagcg 840
     Οv
        Db
     901 TCTTCTCCGCTTTTGGGATGAAGATGATAGCCAGGGCTGTTGTTTTGGGGCCCTTCAAGG 960
Qу
        901 tetteteegettttgggatgaagatgatageeagggetgttgttttggggeeetteaagg 960
Db
     Qу
        Db
     1021 ATCTTGGCACTCTCCATGTTCTCTACAAGAAGCTGTGGTGATTGGCCCTGTGGTCTATCA 1080
Oν
        Db
    1021 atcttggcactctccatgttctctacaagaagctgtggtgattggccctgtggtctatca 1080
    1081 GGCGAAAACCACAGATTCTCCTTCTAGTTAGTATAGCGCAAAAAGCTTCTCGAGAGTACT 1140
Qу
        Db
    1081 ggcgaaaaccacagattctccttctagttagtatagcgcaaaaagcttctcgagagtact 1140
    1141 TCTAGAGCGGCCGCGGGCCCATCGATTTTCCACCCGGGTGGGGTACC 1187
Qу
        Dh
    1141 tctagagcggccgcgggcccatcgattttccacccgggtggggtacc 1187
RESULT
AAX10455/c
ID
   AAX10455 standard; DNA; 127 BP.
ХX
AC
   AAX10455:
\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}
   30-MAR-1999 (first entry)
DT
XX
   Human biallelic polymorphic DNA fragment WI-11758.
DE
ХX
KW
    Polymorphism; biallelic; human; forensic; paternity testing; disease;
KW
    detection; phenotypic typing; characteristic; infection; hereditary;
KW
    autoimmune disease; cancer; inflammation; drug; therapy; medicament;
   treatment; marker; ss.
KW
XX
OS
   Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
   WO9820165-A2.
XX
PD
   14-MAY-1998.
XX
PF
   05-NOV-1997;
               97WO-US20313.
XX
PR
   06-NOV-1996;
               96US-0030455.
XX
PΑ
    (WHED ) WHITEHEAD INST BIOMEDICAL RES.
XX
PΙ
   Hudson T, Lander ES, Wang D;
XX
DR
   WPI; 1998-286974/25.
XX
PT
   New isolated nucleic acid segments from the human genome - used for
   determining polymorphic forms for use in e.g. forensics, paternity
PT
PT
   testing or phenotypic typing for disease
XX
PS
   Claim 1; Page 52; 310pp; English.
XX
CC
   AAX10269-X12937 are human DNA fragments which contain biallelic
CC
   polymorphic markers which have been isolated using the primers
   represented in AAX09121-X10268. The base occupying the polymorphic site
CC
   is indicated by the appropriate IUPAC-IUB ambiguity code. These fragments
CC
CC
   can be used in methods for determining polymorphic forms in an individual
CC
   for use in e.g. forensics, paternity testing or for phenotypic typing for
CC
   diseases such as agammaglobulinemia, diabetes insipidus, Lesch-Nyhan
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syndrome, muscular dystrophy, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome, Fabry's disease, familial hypercholesterolemia, polycystic kidney disease, hereditary CC spherocytosis, von Willebrand's disease, tuberous sclerosis, hereditary CC CC haemorrhagic telangiectasia, familial colonic polyposis, Ehlers-Danlos CC syndrome, osteogenesis imperfecta, acute intermittent porphyria, CC autoimmune diseases, inflammation, cancer, diseases of the nervous system, infection by pathogenic microorganisms, and characteristics such CC CC as longevity, appearance (e.g. baldness, obesity), strength, speed, endurance, fertility, and susceptibility or receptivity to particular CC CC drugs or therapeutic treatments. The isolated polymorphic nucleic acid CC segments can also be used to produce medicaments for the treatment or prophylaxis of such diseases. CC XX Sequence 127 BP; 35 A; 30 C; 25 G; 36 T; 1 other; SO Query Match 8.9%; Score 106; DB 19; Length 127; Best Local Similarity 98.1%; Pred. No. 5.9e-17; 0; Gaps Matches 106; Conservative Indels 1; Mismatches 1013 TGATGGTGATCTTGGCACTCTCCATGTTCTCTACAAGAAGCTGTGGTGATTGGCCCTGTG 1072 Qy 127 TGATGGTGATCTTGGCACTCTCCATGTTCTCTACAAGAAGCTGTGGTGATTGGCCCTGTG 68 Db Qy 67 GTCTAYCAGGCGAAAACCACAGATTCTCCTTCTAGTTAGTATAGCGGA 20

CC

Db